# Environmental Data Science Concept Checklist

December 9, 2021

DISCIPLINE Topic Subtopic Core Concept

# MATHEMATICS

# Calculus

- Derivatives
- Integration
- Polar coordinates
- Complex numbers
- Gradient
- 🗆 Limits
- □ Sequences
- □ Series
- D Multiple integrals
- □ Vector calculus
- Partial derivatives
- Differential equations
- 🗆 Jacobian matrix
- 🗆 Hessian matrix

# Linear Algebra

Systems of linear equations
Vectors
Matrix multiplication
Projection
Inner products
Outer products
Trace, rank, and transpose
Linear independence
Linear transformations
Determinant
Matrix inversion
Change of basis
Singular values
Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors
Orthogonality

# MACHINE LEARNING & STATISTICS

# **Probability & Statistics**

#### **Probability Theory**

- □ Set theory
- \_ Sample spaces
- □ Axioms of Probability
- □ Combinatorics
- Conditional probability
- □ Correlation
- 🗆 Covariance
- □ Expected value
- Mean, median, standard deviation, and variance
- Order statistics

# Random Variables

- Discrete and continuous distributions
- Probability mass/density function (PDF)
- Cumulative distribution function / hazard function
- Joint density
- Moment generating function
- Characteristic function

#### **Discrete Probability Distributions**

- 🗆 Bernoulli
- 🗆 Binomial
- □ Geometric
- Poisson
- Negative binomial
- □ Hypergeometric

### **Continuous Probability Distributions**

- Normal/Gaussian
  Uniform
  Exponential
  Chi-squared
  Student's t
  Weibull
  Beta
  Gamma
  F
  Joint Probability Distributions
  Multinomial
  Multivariate normal
  Dirichlet
- 🗆 Wishart

**Density Estimation** 

- Mixture Model
   Gaussian Mixture Model
   Kernel Density Estimation
   Parzen Window
- Goodness-of-fit Tests
- □ All parameters known
- □ All parameters unknown
- □ Analysis of Variance
- Multiple comparisons (Tukey's Method)
   F-test

# Hypothesis Testing

- □ Type I and Type II Errors
- □ Likelihood ratio test
- Generalized likelihood ratio

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□ Two sample t test □ Power of the Test

# Estimation

Degrees of Freedom

# □ Interval estimation

- Maximum Likelihood
- Method of Moments
- □ Minimum variance estimators
- Sufficient Statistics

#### **Bayesian Statistics**

- 🗆 Bayes' Theorem
- Conjugate prior
- Evidence approximation
- □ Non informative priors

#### **Nonparametric Statistics**

- 🗆 Friedman Test
- □ Kruskal-Wallis Test
- 🗆 Sign Test
- □ Testing of Randomness
- U Wilcoxon test

### Information theory

- Mutual information
- □ Entropy
- Kullback-Leibler divergence

# Variable / Feature Selection

#### **Resampling Methods**

- 🗆 Bootstrap
- □ K-fold cross validation
- $\square$  Leave one out cross validation
- □ Markov Chain Monte Carlo (MCMC)
- □ Gibbs sampling
- 🗆 Jackknife

# **Dimensionality Reduction**

- □ Curse of dimensionality
- □ Principal components regression
- Partial least squares

□ Best subset selection

**Regularization / Shrinkage** 

Supervised Learning

□ Confidence intervals

□ R squared statistic

**Nonlinear Regression** 

□ Stepwise selection

□ Ridge Regression

**Linear Regression** 

□ Least Squares

□ Correlation

□ P-value

Residual

n t-statistic

#### Subset Selection

🗆 Lasso

# Environmental Data Science Concept Checklist

#### Polynomial Regression

- □ Nonparametric regression
- Generalized additive models
- Generalized linear model
- Regression Splines
- □ Smoothing Splines
- □ Local regression
- □ Fixed effects model
- Random effects model
- □ Mixed effects model
- □ Basis Functions
- □ Step Functions

#### **Performance Evaluation**

- □ Sensitivity
- □ Specificity
- □ Test and Training Error
- □ Bias/Variance Tradeoff
- □ Confusion Matrix
- Receiver Operating
   Characteristic (ROC) curve

#### **Decision Theory**

- Likelihood Ratio Test
- D Minimax criterion
- □ Committees
- Decision fusion

#### **Density Estimation**

- □ Mixture Model
- 🗆 Gaussian Mixture Model
- Kernel Density Estimation
- Minimax criterion
- Parzen Window

#### **Graphical Models**

- □ Markov Models
- Hidden Markov Models
   Bayesian Belief Network
- □ Markov Random Fields

#### Other Classification Methods

- □ K Nearest Neighbors
- 🗆 Linear Discriminant Analysis
- □ Fisher's linear discriminant
- □ Bayes Classifier

# Naïve Bayes Classifier

- Quadratic Discriminant Analysis
- Partial Least Squares
- Discriminant Analysis
- Fuzzy Classification
- Probit model

# Other Regression Methods

Logistic Regression (Logit model)
 Multinomial Logistic Regression

Multinomial Logistic Regression Multiple Logistic Regression Relevance Vector Machines Multiple Linear Regression **Neural Networks** □ Perceptron □ Error Backpropagation □ Feed-forward network functions Recurrent Neural Networks **Support Vector Machines** □ Kernel Functions Maximal Margin Classifier □ Support Vector Classifier Separating hyperplane One versus all classification □ One versus one classification Polynomial kernel Radial kernel  $\square$  SVMs with more than 2 classes **Ensemble Methods** □ Bagging □ Boosting AdaBoost □ Stacking Bayesian Model Averaging **Classification and Regression Trees** (CART) Decision Trees □ Gini Index □ Out of Bag Error Estimation □ Tree Pruning □ Random Forests

Multiple Logistic Regression

# **Unsupervised Learning**

#### **Component Analysis**

- Dimensionality Reduction
- □ Factor Analysis
- □ Principal component analysis
- Proportion of Variance Explained
- Independent component
- analysis – Kernel Principal Compo
- Kernel Principal Component Analysis
- Low-dimensional representations and Multidimensional scaling

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□ Nonlinear component analysis

# □ Self-organizing maps

#### Clustering K-means Clustering

- □ Hierarchical clustering
- □ Mean Shift

- Agglomerative hierarchical clustering
- Dendrograms
- Dissimilarity measures
- Expectation Maximization
- □ Inversion
- Linkages (complete, single, average, centroid)
- On-line clustering
- Stepwise-optimal hierarchical clustering

# Model Selection & Evaluation

#### Performance criteria

#### □ Adjusted R squared

- □ Akaike Information Criterion
- Bayesian Information Criterion
- □ Mallow's Cp
- Variance Influence Factor

#### Common Data Challenges

#### Collinearity

- □ Multicollinearity
- □ Outliers
- □ High Leverage Points
- □ Heteroscedasticity

#### **Selection techniques**

- □ Forward Selection
- Backward Selection
- □ Mixed Selection

# **Time Series Modeling**

#### **Characteristics of Time Series**

- □ Autocorrelation
- □ Cross-correlation
- □ Stationarity
- Partial Autocorrelation

#### **Spectral Analysis and Filtering**

Nonparametric Spectral

□ Autoregressive Models (AR)

□ Moving Average Models (MA)

□ Autoregressive Moving Average

Autoregressive Integrated Moving

- 🗆 Fourier Analysis / Fourier Transform
- Spectral Density

□ Periodogram

Estimation

Time series models

Models (ARMA)

□ Seasonal ARIMA

Average (ARIMA)

Wavelets

#### □ Smoothing

# Environmental Data Science Concept Checklist

- Generalized Autoregressive Conditional Heteroskedasticity (GARCH) Models
- Multivariate Autoregressive moving average with exogenous inputs (ARMAX) Models
- Lagged regression models
- □ State-space Models
- Dvnamic linear models with switching

# **Other Concepts**

#### Other Statistical Learning **Approaches**

- Reinforcement Learning
- Online Learning
- Kernel Methods
- Anomaly Detection
- Multiple Instance Learning
- □ Bag of words model
- Network analysis
- □ Recommender systems

#### **Principles**

□ No free lunch theorem Occam's Razor

□ No Silver Bullet

# Programming

# **Basic Concepts & Syntax**

□ Data types □ Arrays □ File Input/Output □ Functions Logic and conditionals □ Loops □ Math and assignment operators □ Random number generation Regular Expressions Languages

□ Python  $\square R$  MATLAB □ Shell scripting (e.g., Bash) 🗆 Julia Mathematica п С/С++ D FORTRAN n IDL

# **Numerical Analysis**

□ Difference equations □ Interpolation

- Extrapolation
- □ Methods for solving linear and nonlinear systems of equations
- Monte Carlo methods
- Numerical integration
- □ Fourier analysis and spectral methods

# **Optimization**

□ Gradient Descent

# □ Linear Programming

- □ Lagrange Multipliers
- Boltzmann Learning
- □ Boltzmann networks
- Evolutionary methods
- Genetic algorithms
- Graphical models
- □ Simulated annealing
- □ Stochastic methods

# Version Control

- n Git □ Branch
- Clone
- □ Commit
- □ Merae
- Push
- D Pull

# Web Programming

- □ Application Programming Interface (API)
- Markdown language
- п CSS
- D HTML
- JavaScript
- **D** JSON
- □ Scalable Vector Graphics (SVG)
- n XML
- 🗆 LaTeX
- □ Model View Controller (MVC) architecture

#### Web Scraping

- DOM parsing
- HTML parsing Computer vision web-page analyzers
- □ Semantic annotation recognition

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# **Databases**

### **Relational Databases**

n SQL □ Schema □ Queries

□ Insert, Update, Select, Delete

#### $\square$ Joins

- □ Indexes
- Integrity constraints
- Authorizations
- Transactions
- Triggers
- Views

#### **Big Data**

- Distributed File Systems (i.e. Hadoop)
- □ Map Reduce
- n NoSQL
- □ Extract, Transform, Load (ETL)

#### **Paradigms**

#### **Object-oriented programming**

- Class
- □ Inheritance
- Methods
- □ Properties

### Other approaches

- Functional programming
- □ Imperative programming

# Natural Language Processing

- Optical character recognition (OCR)
- Grammatical Inference
- Parsing
- □ Part-of-speech tagging
- Sentiment analysis
- □ Topic segmentation

#### Visualization

#### Theory

□ Color theory

□ Gestalt Principles

Data-Ink Maximization

**Techniques and Styles** 

□ Correlation analysis

□ Distribution analysis

Multivariate analysis

□ Time series analysis

□ Stacked time series

Geo-spatial analysis

□ Part-to-a-whole

□ Mapping

Rankings

Deviation analysis

□ Human visual perception

□ Small multiples

Data density

# DATASETS

# **Remote Sensing**

Landsat-7 & Landsat-8
MODIS Terra & Aqua
Sentinel-2
ICESat & ICESat-2

# **Re-Analysis**

□ ERA-5 □ GLODAP

#### Other

□ CMIP5/6 output

### **Formats**

Vector Data □ ESRI Shapefiles

#### Raster Data

□ GeoTIFF □ NetCDF

#### Tabular Data

□ CSV □ TSV

#### Other

□ JSON □ XML

# Software & Tools

MS Excel
 ArcGIS (or QGIS)
 Climate Data Operators (CDO)
 NetCDF Opererators (NCO)

# **Workflow Management**

SnakemakeContinuous Integration (CI)

—inspired by Kyle Bradbury's Data Science Concept Checklist)

